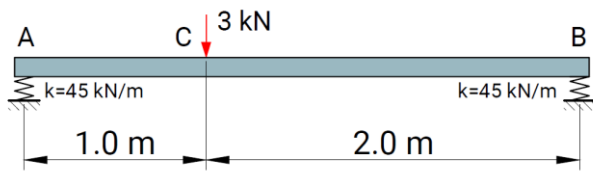


Problem 3

Figure



Description

A steel bar is supported at its ends, A and B, by two identical vertical springs. Each spring has a stiffness of $k = 45 \text{ kN/m}$ and is initially unstretched. A vertical load of 3 kN is applied at node C, located 1 m from end A and 2 m from end B. Neglect the weight of the bar and use the material properties of steel ($E = 200\,000 \text{ kN/m}^2$, $I = 4.6875 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^4$).

Determine:

- Vertical displacement of node C.

Model

Units:	m, kN
Element:	Beam element
Material:	Steel, $E = 2.0 \times 10^8 \text{ kN/m}^2$
Section property:	Beam: $I = 4.6875 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^4$
Constraints:	U_x restrained, U_y – spring with $k_y = 45 \text{ kN/m}$
Load Case:	Beam concentrated load -3 kN are applied at nodes C in the Y direction.

Results



Project Title:		Untitled Project		
Load Case/Combination:		LC0 - Default Case		
Units:		m		
Element	x/L	U _x	U _y	U _r
1	0	0	-0.04444	0.00563
1	1	0	-0.03846	0.006696
2	0	0	-0.03846	0.006696
2	1	0	-0.02222	0.00883

Comparison of Results

Node	Deformation, mm		
	Theoretical	RodX	Midas/Civil
$\Delta y(C)$	-38.5	-38.5	-38.5

Reference

- Hibbeler R. C, Mechanics of Materials, 10th Edition in SI units, 2017, Pearson, example 12.16, p.648