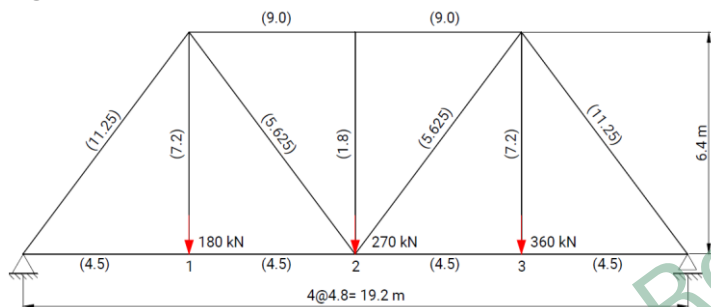


## Problem 5

**Figure**



**Description**

Consider the truss shown in the figure, which is subjected to vertical loads of 180 kN, 270 kN, and 360 kN at joints  $L_1$ ,  $L_2$ ,  $L_3$  respectively. The geometry of the truss, including all member lengths, is indicated in the figure. The cross-sectional areas of the members (given in parentheses) are expressed in units of  $10^{-3} \text{ m}^2$ . The modulus of elasticity for all members is  $E = 200\,000 \text{ kN/m}^2$ .

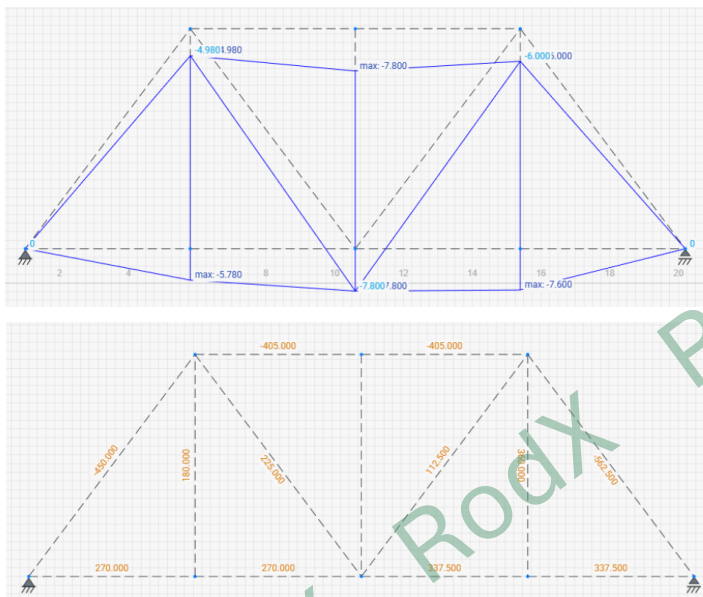
Determine:

- Ax horizontal and vertical deflections of joint  $L_3$  caused by the applied loads.

## Model

Units:	m, kN
Element:	Truss element
Material:	Steel, $E = 2.0 \times 10^8 \text{ kN/m}^2$
Section property:	$A = \text{various}$
Constraints:	Left node: $U_x, U_y$ restrained; Right node: $U_y$ restrained
Load Case:	Node concentrated load -180 kN, -270 kN and -360 kN are applied at nodes 1, 2 and 3 respectively in the Y direction.

## Results



Units:		mm
Node	$U_x$	$U_y$
4	2.88	-7.80001
3	4.68001	-7.6
5	6.48001	0

## Comparison of Results

Node	Deformation, mm		
	Theoretical	RodX	Midas/Civil
$\Delta x(3)$	4.68	4.68	4.68
$\Delta y(3)$	-7.60	-7.60	-7.60

## Reference

1. C.K. Wang, Intermediate Structural Analysis, 1985, McGraw-Hill, p.80